Post Operative Guidelines -



ACJ Stabilisation- Soft tissue Reconstruction using synthetic ligament

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This surgery is undertaken to stabilise a symptomatic unstable ACJ following injury. It is an open procedure and it is vital to protect the repair

Goals

- 1. Protect surgical soft tissue repair.
- 2. Avoid re-dislocation secondary to failure or stretching out of the synthetic device prior to adequate healing
- 3. Gentle stretching and regaining range of motion.
- 4. Gentle strengthening
- 5. Return to sports

Phase I – Joint protection (0-6 weeks)

- Patients generally wear a sling for 3-week period followed by a further period of 3 weeks when patients wean out of sling but protect it against lifting etc.
- Regular cryotherapy
- Posture awareness and scapular setting.
- Patients can use the arm below the elbow e.g. using computer, reading immediately following surgery
- Active assisted flexion as comfortable.
- Active assisted ER to 30°
- Do not force or stretch

Phase II (6-12 weeks)

- Progress active assisted to active ROM. Gradually increase ROM but do not push overhead activities
- Glenohumeral stability; sub maximal isometrics rotator cuff in neutral
- Scapular stability; serratus anterior, upper and lower trapezius strength
- Proprioception through open and closed chain exercises
- Core stability

Phase III (12 weeks +)

- Progress strengthening. Isometrics in variable starting positions progressing to resisted through range strengthening
- Sport specific rehabilitation
- Plyometric and perturbation work

Functional Milestones

 Driving -depends on side and whether automatic generally after 4-6 weeks when patient has adequate control

- Swimming 16 weeks

- Cycling 8-12 weeks

- Golf 16 -20. weeks

- Rugby 4-6 months